Contents

Foreword ........................................................................................................................................................................... 2
Perrin Surname................................................................................................................................................................3

1. Thomas Perrin 1634 -1717 Martha Haver 1638 -1718 ............................................................... 2
2. Thomas Perrin 1675 -1753 Sarah Phelps 1680- 1742 ............................................................... 2
Hebron ................................................................................................................................................................... 3
https://www.wikitree.com/wiki/Perrin-1867 ......................................................................................... 3
3. Thomas Perrin 1739 - 1822 Martha Savery 1738 – 1822 ....................................................................... 3
4. Andrew Perrin 1766 - 1859 and Abigail Gould 1775 - 1860 ............................................................ 4
Grenville County ....................................................................................................................................................... 5
Maynard ............................................................................................................................................................. 7
5. Orrin Gould Perrin 1806 - 1888 andHannah Youker 1800 - 1886.................................................. 8
Merrickville -Wolford, Grenville County, Ontario, Canada............................................................... 10
Appendices .......................................................................................................................................................... 13
Abbreviations .................................................................................................................................................... 13
Our Perrin Line .................................................................................................................................................. 14
Research on Perrin Ancestors ...................................................................................................................... 14
Unsourced Research ......................................................................................................................................... 14
1. Petrusi Peryn .............................................................................................................................................. 14
2. John Peryns 1460  Cecilia Brampton ...................................................................................................... 14
3. Roger Perins 1514 - Elizabeth Stocker 1518 - .................................................................................. 14
4. Thomas Perrin 1540- 1626 Katherine Parrott 1540 - ...................................................................... 15
5. Thomas Perrin 1585 - Ann Potter, 1587 ............................................................................................... 15
6. Thomas Perrin 1610 - Elizabeth Chalfont 1611. .............................................................................. 15
Sources ............................................................................................................................................................. 15
Website ............................................................................................................................................................. 15
Foreword

This is a work in process. It consists of two files. The first file found at http://retson.ca/Perrin.pdf. This file is directed primarily at direct ancestors of the author and contains a story line of the Perrin ancestors. The second file http://retson.ca/Perrindescendants.pdf is essentially an outline listing of all the Descendants of the earliest discovered Perrin ancestor. This file is directed towards those attempting to research their own genealogy and may be of greater interest to “DNA Cousins.” It may be used as a finding aid. Earlier suggested names should be regarded with high suspicions.

Perrin Surname

5,937th most common surname in the world. Variations of the names include Peryns, Peryns, and Perins. Our ancestors probably came from France, possibly as early as the Norman conquest of 1066. A possible derivation of the name comes from the French word “pierre” meaning “rock”.


1. Thomas Perrin 1634 -1717
https://www.wikitree.com/wiki/Perrin-2098

Thomas Perrin, son of Thomas Perrin and Elizabeth Chalfont, is reported to have been born on 19 Mar 1634 in Westbourne, Sussex, England. (But see https://www.wikitree.com/wiki/Perrin-2098 which throws doubt on this information.) Thomas Perrin had the following child:


There is a Thomas Perring buried April 9 1660 in Westbourne, Sussex England

2. Thomas Perrin 1675 -1753 Sarah Phelps 1680-1742
https://www.wikitree.com/wiki/Perrin-2484

Thomas Perrin was born on Sep 12, 1675 in Westfield, Sussex, England. He married Sarah Phelps, daughter

1 http://forebears.io/surnames/perrin
of Stephen Phelps and Sarah Drake, on July 05, 1714 in Hebron, Hartford, Ct. She was born in 1680 in Westfield, Sussex, England. She died on July 11, 1742 in Hebron, Tolland, CT.

Thomas Perrin and Sarah Phelps had the following children:

i. Stephen Perrin b. 16 May 16, 1715 in Westfield, Sussex, England. He died in 1742

   iii. Hannah Perrin b. 8 Nov 1721 in Hebron, CT, d. 8 Nov 1721 in Hebron, CT.

He married Sarah Hartwell January 27 1742 in Hebron, Connecticut, USA.

He died on September 17 1753 in Hebron, Hartford, Connecticut. His second Wife died 18 Jul 1742

Hebron

The town of Hebron was settled in the Connecticut Colony in 1704: In May 1708, Hebron was incorporated within Hartford County. In May 1726 Hebron became part of Windham County. In Oct 1785, Hebron became part of present-day Tolland County. In Jan 1788: Connecticut Colony became the U.S. state of Connecticut.

https://www.wikitree.com/wiki/Perrin-1867

Thomas Perrin was born on Mar 02, 1716 in Westfield, Sussex, England. He died on Sep 17, 1789 in Hebron, Tolland, Connecticut, United States. He married Jeresusah Porter, daughter of David Porter and Anna Phelps, on Feb 14, 1738/39 in Hebron, Tolland, CT. She was born on Sep 15, 1712 in Windsor, Hartford, CT. She died on May 23, 1754 in Hebron, Tolland, CT. Thomas Perrin and Jeresusah Porter had the following child:

4. i Thomas Perrin b.1 Jan 01, 1739 in Hebron, Tolland, Connecticut, USA, m. Martha Savery, on Sep 30, 1762 in Hebron, Connecticut, USA (Ancestry transcription error indicates error of Sep 30, 1764), d.in 1822 in Granville, Washington, New York, United States.
   ii. Jerusha Perrin b. 1742 Hebron, Tolland, Connecticut, m. Ashbel Phelps Jan 1766 Hebron, Tolland, d. 18 May 1823 Marlborough, Hartford, Connecticut, United States
   iii. Solomon Perrin b. 24 Feb 1744/45 Hebron, Tolland, Connecticut, m. Anna Kellogg
   17 Jun 1773 Second Congregational Church, Gilead, Hebron, Tolland, Connecticut, d. 08 Sep 1826 Vernon, Tolland, Connecticut, USA
   iv. Arron Perrin b. 14 Sep 1746 Hebron, Tolland, Connecticut, USA, d. 1746

v. Lydia Perrin b. 19 May 1748 Hebron 1749

vi. Zechariah Perrin b. 8 Mar 1749/50 Hebron, Tolland, Connecticut, United States m. (1) Mary Talcott 11 Jan 1781, (2) Prudence Nye Knapp 29 Jan 1829, d. 28 May 1838 Berlin, Vermont

4. Thomas Perrin 1739 - 1822 Martha Savery 1738 – 1822

Thomas Perrin, son of Thomas Perrin and Jeresusah Porter was born on 1 Jan 1739/40 in Hebron, Tolland, Connecticut, USA. He married Martha Savery, daughter of Thomas Severy and Mary Williams, on Sep 30,
1762 in Hebron, Connecticut, USA (Ancestry transcription error indicates error of Sep 30, 1764). She was born on Aug 01, 1738 in Wenham, Essex, Massachusetts, United States.

Thomas Perrin, sometimes designated Thomas Perrin VI (not during his lifetime) was born on 1 January 1739/40. The Perrin Farm in the Town of Hebron, Tolland County, Connecticut was located on a tract about 2 miles WSW of the Gilead Church, on the north side Martin Road just before it crosses into Hartford County (and changes names to "West Road."

Thomas Perrin (styled "Junr." in the Hebron records so long as his father was alive) married Martha Savery in 1762. Unless I am mistaken, she was a niece of Elizabeth (Williams) Perrin, Thomas' stepmother.

Thomas was among the organizers of the colonization of central Washington County, New York by settlers from Connecticut; moving there with his family about 1779. He was not among the more enthusiastic supporters of the Revolutionary War, and indeed his son Thomas went to Canada, ultimately becoming a Captain in the 5th Regiment of "Lincoln Militia" in the War of 1812.

Thomas Perrin himself (the father) was not enough of a Tory to be subjected to confiscation and the other vicissitudes visited on those who had actively opposed the break with England. He appears on every census of the Town of Granville from 1790 through 1820. He was active in the (Congregational) Church of South Granville, as demonstrated by the early records of that congregation.

By all accounts, he passed away in 1822, presumably in South Granville, but no tombstone for him has been located there. (This part of New York has many soft marble tombstones that had weathered into illegibility before 1967, when I first tried to locate Thomas Perrin's tombstone.) The Perrin Farm was on the road leading from South Granville to James' Hopkins' tavern on Route 22. As of 1973, old timers still knew the main hill on that road as "Perrin Hill." From the hill, the spire of the church in West Pawlet, Vermont is easily visible.

Thomas Perrin and Martha Savery had 10 children:

i. Captain Thomas Perrin b. 14 Apr 1764 Hebron, m. 21 Oct 1787 Elizabeth Spencer Washington, Berkshire, Massachusetts, 27 Mar 1835 Brantford, Ontario

ii. Jeremiah Perrin b. Hebron, Tolland, Connecticut

iii. Andrew Perrin was born on 19 June 1766 in Hebron, Tolland, Connecticut, USA, m Abigail Gould, about 1793 in Prob Granville, Washington, NY, d. 21 Mar 1859 in Maynard, Grenville, Ontario.


v. Martha B Perrin b. 16 Apr 1770 Hebron m. Joseph Grant Hay 1790 Hebron d. 08 Nov 1816 Vermont

vi. Sarah Perrin b. 22 Sep 1771 Hebron

vii. Ann Perrin b. 25 Dec 1773 Hebron d. 27 Aug 1864 Hebron

viii. Ephraim Perrin b. 2 Jul 1752 Hebron, m. Hannah Laura Draper 10 Mar 1791 Half Moon, Albany, New York, United States, d. 30 Mar 1848 Granville, Washington, New York, United States

ix. Solomon Perrin b 1790 d. 1870


5. Andrew Perrin 1766 - 1859 and Abigail Gould 1775 - 1860

Andrew Perrin, son of Thomas Perrin and Martha Savery was born June 19, 1766 in Hebron, Tolland,
Connecticut, United States. He died March 21, 1859 in Maynard, Grenville, Ontario. He married Abigail Gould probably in Maynard, Grenville Ontario about 1793. She was born in Granville, New York on September 8, 1775 in Grandville, New York. [Still researching the move from Hebron to Maynard]

They had the following children:


ii. William Perrin born October 21, 1797 in Augusta, Township, Leeds County, Ontario, Died Dec. 21, 1841, Maynard, Augusta Township, Grenville, Ontario

iii. Andrew Festus Perrin born Feb 20, 1798 in Washington, New York married Elizabeth Bunker, died 1877 in Augusta Township Grenville, Ontario

iv. Rhoda Perrin born July 25, 1798, in New York, US, died October 8, 1889 Augusta Township, Grenville, Ontario,


vi. Martha Perrin in May 2, 1808 in Maynard, Augusta, Grenville, Ontario died on March 25, 1882 in Maynard, Augusta, Grenville, Ontario

vii. Ebenezer Perrin born on September 7, 1817 in Maynard, Augusta, Grenville, Ontario, married Catherine C. McCann in Prescott, Ontario, died March 25, 1882 in Maynard, Augusta, Grenville, Ontario

**Grenville County**

Before the British the French and the St. Lawrence Iroquois occupied the territory. Two important archeological excavations have been made in Grenville County, one in 1974 in Roebuck, and one in 1987 in Maynard (Maynard-McKeown site). The natives were farmers growing corn, beans, squash, sunflowers, and tobacco, sometimes fishing for food and hunting on a smaller scale. A few smaller digs (Cleary site near Spencerville and Crystal Rock site) have been done over the years in the county as well.

The French occupied Grenville County with explorers and fur traders passing through this area enroute to Fort Frontenac (Kingston) to meet the Indian hunters and trappers. The French built a supply depot at La Galette (Johnstown) in the 1670s and a shipyard and star-shaped fort at Pointe au Baril (Maitland) in 1758. France and Britain broke out into a full-scale war in the 1750s. As the French troops were withdrawing to Quebec, they levelled the fortifications at Pointe au Baril so it would be of no use to the advancing British troops. They built a fort in 1759 on Isle Royale (Chimney Island) called Fort de Levis (Johnstown area). It was here that the last battle in North America between English and French troops took place in August 1760. In 1763 under the Treaty of Paris, French control was given to Britain, and New France was renamed Quebec. It was incorporated as the Province of Quebec by the Quebec Act of 1774.

In 1783 surveyors laid out the townships of Edwardsburgh, Royal Township Number Six, and Augusta, Royal

[http://www.grenvillecountyarchives.ca/history.html](http://www.grenvillecountyarchives.ca/history.html)
Township Number Seven, along the river for the men and women who maintained their loyalty to the British Crown. The first settlers, men who had served under Major Edward Jessup, arrived here in 1784 and were given lots in Augusta and Edwardsburgh Townships. They drew their lots and built temporary shelters, until they were able to establish more permanent homes. Crops were planted, mills were soon developed, and the first town site was established in 1789 at Johnstown. It was made a district town for the Eastern District, and a court house and jail were built here in 1795. Oxford-on-Rideau was surveyed for settlement in 1791, Wolford in 1795, and South Gower in 1799.

By 1788 Lord Dorchester, the Governor of Quebec, proclaimed that what is now the province of Ontario would be divided into four districts, Lunenburgh, Mecklenburgh, Nassau, and Hesse. Our area was part of the District of Lunenburg, named for the former principality of Brunswick-Lunenburg, part of the kingdom of Hanover. By the Constitutional Act of 1791, the province of Quebec was divided into the provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, and Lunenburg was a district within Upper Canada. Gov. John Graves Simcoe, Upper Canada’s first Lieutenant-Governor, renamed the districts in 1792 and formed them into nineteen counties. The name of our district became the Eastern District and we were in Grenville County. The county was named for William Wyndham Grenville, Secretary of State in 1790. The Eastern District encompassed the present counties of Stormont, Dundas, Glengarry, Prescott, Russell, Leeds, Grenville, and Carleton.

By 1798 the district’s name changed once to the Johnstown District, which at that time included the counties of Leeds, Grenville, and Carleton (Lanark was part of Carleton as well). In 1841 through the Act of Union, Upper Canada and Lower Canada became Canada West and Canada East respectively. By 1849 the Johnstown District was made up of only Leeds and Grenville. The Townships of Oxford, Wolford, Marlborough, and Montague were originally considered as one township for municipal purposes and had one Council. They were recorded together in the early census records, and appear in the Grenville County land records up to the early 1840s. Marlborough appeared in Carleton County in 1842 and was incorporated as a township in Carleton in 1850; Montague transferred from the Johnstown District to the Bathurst District in 1842 and became part of Lanark County. It can be confusing when one tries to search for records as the boundaries and names changed so often.

When districts were abolished in 1850, the Johnstown District became the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville and still exists as such today. In 1867 the province of Ontario was established and our location was now Grenville County, Ontario. From 1850 until the 1990s Grenville County was composed of five townships: Wolford, Oxford-on-Rideau, and South Gower in the north, Augusta and Edwardsburgh in the south. Recently, with restructuring, these boundaries have been changed with the townships of South Gower, Oxford-on-Rideau, and the town of Kempville amalgamating to form the township of North Grenville; the township of Wolford and the village of Merrickville joining to form the village of Merrickville-Wolford, and the township of Edwardsburgh and the village of Cardinal joining to form Edwardburgh/Cardinal.

Fort Wellington was built in Prescott to protect the vessels travelling between Montreal and Kingston on the St. Lawrence River from attacks by the Americans during the War of 1812. It served as well during the Battle of the Windmill mentioned below, and in the Fenian Raids in 1865. It was transferred to the Department of the Interior in 1923 and is now a National Historic Site.

In November 1838 a force of about 300 American “Patriot Hunters” landed at the Windmill prepared to invade this area, capture Fort Wellington, and cut off the St. Lawrence River communications link. British troops and local militia, whose ranks swelled to about 2000, fought for four days against the invaders defeating them. Forty-eight men were killed and eighty-nine wounded. In the 1870s the mill was converted to a lighthouse, and today is preserved as a National Historic Site by Parks Canada and run by the Friends of the Windmill.

The following communities are located in Grenville County. Many small villages existed in the county and
some had name changes over the years; their earlier names are listed in brackets. Some of these communities are just whistle stops now, but still retain evidence of their former occupants.

Augusta was first surveyed in 1783, incorporated in 1850. It includes the following communities: Algonquin, Centre Augusta, Charleville (Sebastopol), Domville (Henry's Corners), Garretton, Lord's Mills, Maitland (Pointe au Baril), Maynard, North Augusta (Bellamy's Mills), Prescott (inc. 1850), Roebuck, South Augusta, Throoptown.

Edwardsburgh was first surveyed in 1783, incorporated in 1850. It includes the following communities: Brouseville, Cardinal (inc. 1880), (Port Elgin, Munro's Point, Lewisville), Crystal Rock (Lime Kiln), Glen Smail, Groveton, Hyndman (Grant's Mills), Johnstown, Mainsville, Pittston, Prescott Junction, Shanly, Spencerville, Ventnor (Adams), Wexford.

Oxford-On-Rideau was first surveyed in 1791, incorporated in 1850. It includes the following communities: Acton's Corners, Bedell (Kempton), Bishop's Mills, Beckett's Landing, Burritt's Rapids, Christies Corners, East Oxford, Kemptville (inc. 1857), Millar's Corners, Newmanville, Oxford Mills, Oxford Station, Patterson's Corners, Swan Station.

South Gower was first surveyed in 1799, incorporated in 1834, and includes the following communities: Heckston (Archibald's Corners), Pelton's Corners, South Gower.

Wolford was first surveyed in 1795, incorporated in 1850, and includes the following communities: Easton's Corners, Jasper (Olmstead's Mills, Irish Creek), Kilmarnock, Merrickville (inc. 1860) (Mirick's Mills).

With restructuring in 1999 and 2000 boundaries changed as follows:

- North Grenville (formerly South Gower, Oxford-on-Rideau, Kemptville);
- Merrickville-Wolford (formerly the Township of Wolford and the village of Merrickville);
- Edwardsburgh/Cardinal (formerly the Township of Edwardsburgh and the village of Cardinal);
- August (no change);
- Prescott (no change).

**Maynard**

Maynard, Ontario, is a small village located northwest of Prescott along County Road 26. The origin of the village's name is obscure as there was no Maynard family located here at the time; local historians trace the name to a story from a Canadian series of school readers from c.1878 which mentioned a John Maynard, a naval officer who died attempting to steer a burning ship to shore. Earlier the village was referred to as both Heck's Settlement, after the family of Barbara Heck, and Chippenhook after the creek which ran through it. The eastern part of the village, near the intersection of Merwin Lane and County Road 26 was formerly its own small community called Brundage's Corners.

Maynard was settled early in the township's history due to its proximity to the landing points at Johnstown and Blakey's point, located south of the village. Iroquois were living in the settlement prior to this, before being pushed out by European settlements. Farming was the primary industry in the 1800s in Maynard, however many other businesses prospered here at the time. Maynard boasted its own saw and grist mill, tannery, blacksmith shop, churches, cemetery, two schoolhouses, a few cheese factories, temperance hall, post office, general store as well as an inn, located at Brundage's Corners.
During the 1800s and early 1900s, Maynard was divided into two school sections, S.S. #5 and S.S. #7. The schools were both named accordingly, S.S. #5 Dulmage's School and S.S. #7 Brundage's School. Brundage's School is located along County Road 26 at the intersection of Hillbrook Road and Merwin Lane. Brundage's replaced three small log schoolhouses which were scattered around the area, one of which was located on the site of the current structure.[90] This school was open until the 1960s, and was sold in 1970 to be used as a private residence as it remains today.[90] West of Maynard was the other school, Dulmage's School. The first structure was built in the early 1800s and was a stone building, in 1840 it was replaced by a newer one and moved to the north side of the road. It was closed in the 1960s and converted into a home. Both of these schools closed due to the opening of Maynard Public School.[90]

In 1817, Maynard became the site of the township church, known as the Augusta Chapel. This frame church was located on the current site of the Maynard Cemetery. At one time, it was the only church to serve the township. In 1833, the church became a Wesleyan Methodist church, which caused some of the congregation to break off and create their own churches. The frame structure was replaced by a brick building in 1873, which was eventually torn down in 1912 after becoming a Baptist church for a period of time. The Baptists of Maynard built their own church in the early 1900s, after trustees turned down their offer to buy the old Augusta Chapel. The Baptist church was located across from the cemetery, and was torn down in the 1940s. After the conversion of the Augusta Chapel, one of the churches which was built in opposition was the Victoria United Church in 1833. This small stone church was a Methodist Episcopal church. In 1859, the church was rebuilt to accommodate a larger congregation using the stones from the old church, and new brick. This church is still in use today. The Maynard United Pentecostal church is located at the southern end of Charleville Road in Maynard. This church was built in 1971 to replace the Pentecostal church in Charleville. This church is also still in use. Maynard is the home of the Township Municipal Office & Waste Transfer Station. Located 10 minutes from the Town of Prescott and 20 minutes from Brockville this quiet hamlet offers a Public School for children attending junior kindergarten through to grade 6. This hamlet is made up of agricultural and residential properties. Maynard is known for a few popular businesses: Steve & Sons, Brockville Tractor Trailer and More Than Just Babysitting Daycare, Maynard is served by two local volunteer fire departments. One is located in the village of North Augusta and the other in the Village of Maitland. Maynard community park contains a ball park and tennis courts which are very close to the public school.


Orrin Perrin inherited the Perrin farm. Lot 14 Concession 3, Maynard, Augusta Township, Grenville County Ontario, which was ultimately owned by his son Amos and grandson Harlow. The farm was owned by the Perrin family from 1814 until 1949.3

His children include,

3 Sontag 1888, page 33
i Abigail Perrin b. 19 April 1832, d. 20 March 1833

ii. Amos Gould Perrin b. 24 January 1833 Maynard, Augusta Township, Grenville County, Ontario, m. (1) Sarah Elizabeth Cleveland 31 Mar 1859 Will, Illinois, United States, (2) Jessie Sabrina Ball 27 Jun 1885, at Ogdensburg, New York, USA d. 30 Dec 1902 Maynard, Augusta Township, Grenville County, Ontario


II. Hannah Emogene Perrin b. 21 Sep 1862 Maynard, Augusta, Township, Grenville, Ontario, m. George Mason Ball Oct 1885 Maynard, Augusta, Grenville, ON

III. Oren Milton Perrin b. 10 Oct 1867 Charleville, Ontario, m. Caroline Carrie McArthur 08 Apr 1891 at Knox Presbyterian Church, Montreal, Quebec, d. 09 Nov 1951 Brockville, Ontario

IV. Alexander Perrin b. 05 Nov 1873 Charleville, Ontario, d. 07 Dec 1888 Grenville, Ontario, Canada

V. Gertrude May Perrin b. 09 Feb 1886, Maynard, m. Frederick V. Leonard 16 Nov 1909 Prescott, Ont. d. 20 May 1980 Brockville,

VI. Harlow Cleveland Perrin b. 16 Jun 1888

VII. Cornelia Belle Perrin b. 20 Aug 1890 Grenville, Ontario, Canada m. Melvin Boker 15 Feb 1911 Leeds, Leeds, Ontario, Canada, d. 27 Oct 1918 Winnipeg

VIII. Hattie Jerusha Perrin b. 01 Mar 1895 Prescott, Leeds, Ontario, Canada, m. Roy Walter Crabtree 12 Jan 1914 Greenwich, Fairfield, Connecticut, USA

iii. Rhoda Adelaide Perrin b. 21 November 1834 in Maynard, Ontario, m. Richard Byron Cleveland, 25 Dec 1856 in Lockport, II. US, d. 11 Jul 1907 Maynard

I. Hattie Elizabeth Cleveland b. 23 Jan 1858 Lemont, Cook, Illinois, USA, d. 03 Oct 1926 Muscotah, Atchison County, Kansas, United States of America

II. Orrin Almeron Cleveland b. 01 Feb 1861 Lemont, Cook, Illinois, USA, m. Lucinda Ellen (Ella) Shaffer 10 Apr 1888, d. Feb 1932 Muscotah, Atchison County, Kansas, USA

III. Byron Mead Cleveland b. 08 Nov 1862

IV. George Washington Cleveland b. 3 Aug 1893 Muscotah, Atchison, Kansas, USA, m. Violet Gould, d. 9 Jul 1918 Muscotah, Atchison, Kansas, USA


I. Mary Adelia Perrin b. B. 17 Apr 1868 Maynard, m. Joseph Stewart Lane 15 Jan 1891 Augusta Twp, Grenville Co., Ontario, d. 1944 Prescott Leeds and Grenville

II. Charles Delbert Perrin b. Aug 1872 m. Cynthia Phoebe Spicer 20 Oct 1891 Augusta Township, Grenville County, Ontario, d. 18 Sep 1940 Augusta Township, Grenville County, Ontario, Canada

v. Hattie Jerusha Perrin b. 5 January 1836 m. Luther Henry (Elijah) Cleveland 15 Mar 1858 Homer Township, Will County, Illinois, USA d. 29 Oct. 1893 Maynard, Augusta Township, Grenville County, Ontario, Canada

I. Florence Emogene Cleveland b. 20 Dec 1858 Lemont, Cook, Illinois, USA m. James F Bissell 23 Sep 1880 Chicago
II. Ida Belle Cleveland b. 04 Sep 1860 Lemont, Illinois William Nathan Greene 28 Apr 1881 Chicago, IL
III. George Oliver Cleveland b. 05 Jul 1862 Lemont, Illinois, m. Anna Mutter 26 Dec 1887 Chicago, Cook, Illinois, d. 29 Jul 1944 Malaga, Eddy County, New Mexico, USA
IV. Elizabeth Estella (Libbie) Cleveland b. 14 May 1866 Lemont, Cook, Illinois m. Robert Whitley d. May 1959

I. Chester Allen Fell b. 05 May 1861 Augusta, Grenville, Ontario, d. 30 Sep, 1887 • Gallops Rapids, St. Lawrence River, Ontario
II. Orion Edgar Fell b. 19 Nov 1862 Prescott, Ontario, d. 7 Aug 1913 Grenville, Ontario, Canada
III. Tilly Reid Fell b. 21 Oct 1864 Augusta, Grenville, South Ontario, m. Winifred M. Wilson 07 Dec 1898 at 37 West 86th St., New York, New York, USA new home of the bride's parents, d. 03 Jul 1937 at Manhattan, New York, New York County, USA
IV. Ida Florence Fell b. 01 Oct 1866 Ontario, m. John Wesley Corbett, d. 17 Jan 1925 Ogdensburg, St Lawrence, New York, USA
V. William "Willie" Case Fell b. 26 Mar 1869 Augusta Township, Ontario m. Catherine Remer, d. 15 Jan 1952
VI. Herbert Nelson Fell b. 03 Jun 1871 Leeds, Ontario, Frances C. McLane 03 Feb 1912 Manhattan, New York City, New York, USA, d. 15 Jan 1952 Woodbury, New York, USA

7. vii. Elizabeth Jane Perrin 28 September 1840, m. Robert Nicholson Spicer, June 2, 1857 in Maynard, Ontario, d. 8 April 1915 Maynard, Ontario

viii. Abigail Perrin b. 25 December 1841 Augusta Township, Grenville County, Ontario, Joseph C. Whitney d. 20 Jun 1922 Maynard, Ontario
I. James Whitney, b 1871 Augusta Township, Ontario
x. Sara Eliza Perrin b. Abt 1848, d Sep 7, 1859

Merrickville -Wolford, Grenville County, Ontario, Canada
The current municipality, Merrickville–Wolford was incorporated on January 1, 1998, by amalgamating the former village of Merrickville with the former township of Wolford. In 1991 the population of Merrickville Village was 989 and Wolford Township, 1438. In addition to Merrickville, the village comprises the smaller communities of Carleys Corners, Eastons Corners, Hemlock Corners, Jasper, Snowdons Corners, Wolford Centre, Wolford Chapel and Yule. The village administrative offices are found in Merrickville. The village-status municipality in Eastern Ontario, Canada, is in Leeds and Grenville United Counties. It spans both shores of the Rideau River.

William Merrick, originally from Springfield, Massachusetts, founded the village of Merrickville in 1794. Attracted to the site by waterpower, he constructed a dam across the river and then built grist, saw and carding mills. It was not long before a community sprang up around the milling activity. In 1821, Merrick built a stone house overlooking his mills.

When the construction crews arrived in 1827 to build the Rideau Canal, the village of Merrick's Mills, as it was then known, was a thriving community of about 300.

Merrick's Mills continued to thrive into the mid-1860s. The rise of the nearby town of Smiths Falls as a major railway hub displaced Merrick's Mills as an industrial leader in the region. The Rideau Canal locks at Merrickville with three locks have a total lift of twenty-five feet. On the south side of the locks there is the old blockhouse, which has been restored by Parks Canada as a tourist site and museum operated by the Merrickville and District Historical Society. The Blockhouse, a National Historic Site of Canada, was built by Lt. Col. John By as part of a chain of four blockhouses for the defense of the Rideau Canal. The Blockhouse Museum is open during peak summer season. Near the locks is the Industrial Heritage Complex Museum, the site of the original mills.


Elizabeth Jane Perrin was born 28 September 1840, her age on the 1851 census is given as 10 years which does not correspond to the later census. Others on the census included Father Orrin age 45, Mother Hannah age 53, Rhoda age 19, Amos age 17, Jerusha age 15, William age 13, Sylvia age 12, Elizabeth J age 10, and Abigail age 8.

She married Robert Nicholson Spicer, son of William and Sophia Spicer, born on 11 Aug 1832 in Maynard, Ontario on June 2, 1857 in Maynard, Ontario. He died on 29 Nov 1904 in Smith Falls, Ontario at age 56. Elizabeth Jane Spicer died 19 Jan 1912

Their children included,

i. Annetta Jane Spicer b. 24 Sept. 1858 in Grenville, Ontario, m. George Henry Phillips on 01 May 1878 at Wolford, Grenville, Ontario, d. 06 Dec 1945 in Moose Jaw, Saskatchewan. They had 9 children

I. Robert Christopher Phillips b. 19 Mar 1879 in Merrickville, Grenville, Ontario, m. Frances Malvina Watt, 30 Aug 1910 in Moose Jaw, d. 12 Oct 1944 Creston, British Columbia. They had 6 children

III. John Elbert Phillips b. 02 Jul 1882 in Merrickville, m. Mary Janet (Jean) Watt in 1911, d. 15 Nov 1973 in Moose Jaw. They had 4 children

IV. Edith Elizabeth Phillips b. 29 Mar 1884 d. 29 May 1884 in Merrickville

V. Abigail Almeda Phillips b. 17 Mar 1885 in Wolford, Grenville, Ontario, Canada, d. 03 Jun 1957 in Moose Jaw, Saskatchewan, Canada

VI. Allan Edgar Phillips b. 11 Nov 1888 in Merrickville, Grenville, Ontario, m. Ethel McClary d. 1959 Saskatchewan


VIII. Samuel Oswald Phillips b. 22 Mar 1894 Wolford, Grenville, Ontario, Canada, d. 04 Nov 1910, alternative sources give death as 1920

IX. Annetta “Edith” Adelia Phillips b. 14 Jan 1897 in Wolford, Grenville, Ontario, m. Alfred George Corbin d. 28 Mar 1975 in Aneroid, Saskatchewan, Canada

8. ii. Abigail Almeda Spicer b. 13 Sept. 1860 in Prescott, Ontario, m. Edward Atkinson on 3 December 1879 in Maynard, Ontario, d. 10 Jul. 1940 in Merrickville, Ontario,

I. Ethel Atkinson b. 9 Jan 1881 in Merrickville, Ontario, d. 22 Apr. 1884 in Merrickville, Ontario.


iii. John Murney Spicer b. 16 Apr. 1862 Merrickville, Grenville, Ontario, m. Annie Jane Mussell 15 Nov 1882 Easton's Corners, Grenville, Ontario, d. 12 Jun 1938 at Carleton, Ontario, Canada, Their children include,

I. Annie Marie Mellyvern Spicer b. 27 Aug 1883 in Merrickville, Ontario, 1883, d. 28 Sep 1883
II. Myrtle Ada Anna Spicer b. 09 Nov 1884 in Merrickville, Ontario m. J.R. Bourne, d. 1952 Deer Park, Saskatchewan, Canada

III. Murney Spicer b. 1886, d. 1888 in Merrickville, Ontario


V. John Murney Mussel Spicer 24 Jul 1890 in Wolford Township, Grenville, Ontario

VI. Winnifred Lundy Florence Perrin Spicer b. 19 Nov 1892, in Wolford Township, Grenville, Ontario, m. William James Higgins 28 Oct 1914 Grenville, Ontario, Canada d. 23 Feb 1965, Ottawa, Ontario

VII. Stanley Spicer b. 1894 d. 1895 in Merrickville

VIII. Birdie Spicer b. 1896 d. 1896 in Merrickville

IX. Sibbie Aurellia Spicer b. 29 Oct 1898, m. Lewis Henry Heath 1941 d. 22 Feb 1985 in Ottawa

X. Clifford Robert “Curley” Spicer b. 02 Jul 1901 in Merrickville, m. Violet Alexandra Gunderson 12 Oct 1923 Ottawa, d. 07 Aug 1973 in Ottawa

XI. Annetta Coralie Spicer b. 04 Nov 1905 m. Francis Kelwin Kearney 05 Aug 1926 in Ottawa, Ontario, d. 07 Jul 2001 in Rochester, Oakland, Michigan, USA

v. Hannah Elizabeth Spicer b. 2 Mar 1871, m. Delbert Charles Newans. They had 8 children
   I. Edna L. Newans
   II. Madge Newans b. 25 Nov 1896 in Wolford Township, Grenville County, Ontario, m. (1) Logan Curtis Strayer, (2) Otis Victor Smith, d. 08 Oct 1955
   III. Katherine Mary Newans b. 03 Sep 1900 in Grenville County, Ontario, d. Jun 1901
   IV. Ethel Newans b. Jun 1903 She appears in the 1906 and 1911 census but not the 1921 census, death unknown
   V. Etta E Newans b. 25 Feb 1906 Ontario
   VI. Roy Delbert Newans b. Jun 1909 Saskatchewan, m. Della Marie Junior 1934, d. 18 Sep 1954, Saskatchewan
   VII. Florence Bricea Newans b. 28 Nov 1911 Saskatchewan, m. Robert Alexander Martin, d. 1985 Winnipeg, Manitoba, buried in Regina Saskatchewan
   VIII. Stella Newans b. 1914 Cairns, Saskatchewan, m. William Beamish d. 1944

vi. Orrin W.P. Spicer b. 29 Jun. 1875 Merrickville, m. Frances L. Hutton 20 Nov 1897 in Oswegatchie, St. Lawrence, New York, d. Apr 1957 in Merrickville, Grenville, Ontario
   I. Alma Elizabeth Spicer b. Feb 1899, Saint Lawrence, New York, m. James Henry Matice November 1 1921, died 1991
   II. Mary Irene Spicer b. 06 Oct 1908 in Grenville, Ontario, m. Lloyd Grant Burd, 10 Mar 1926 d. 23 Feb 1999 Grenville, Ontario
   III. Lloyd Elwood Spicer b. 02 Jun 1921 Ontario, d. 12 Dec 2010 Ontario

vii. Edward Wellington Spicer b. 28 July 1879 m. Jane “Jenny” Hollister d. 29 Dec 1963 Vernon, British Columbia
   II. Lillian Jane Spicer born 1903 and died 12 August 1905

viii. Fredrick Washington Spicer b. 28 July 1879 in Wolford, Grenville, Ontario, married Mary Ethel Shields 24 Jan 1906 Grenville, Ontario, d. 18 Sep 1922 in York Regional Municipality, Ontario
   I. Alfred Spicer b. Oct 1908
   II. Rodney Spicer b. 1918 d. 2013 Toronto, Ontario

ix. Francis Spicer b. Abt. 1883 in Wolford, Grenville Ontario, d. Between 1891 and 1901

Appendices

Abbreviations

abt. About aka. also known as b. born d. died II. Illinois

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4 Listed on grave marker along with Robert Nicholson Spicer and his wife Elizabeth J. Perrin.
5 On the birth registration for Edward Wellington Spicer no 4 indicates that he was a twin and in the 1881 census both are indicated to be one year old. I have not found a birth registration for Frederick
Our Perrin Line

Thomas Perrin 1739 - 1822
Andrew Perrin 1766 - 1859
Orrin Gould Perrin 1806 - 1888.  
Elizabeth Jane Perrin 1840 - 1888.

She married Robert Nicholson Spicer June 2, 1857 in Maynard, Ontario.
Elizabeth Jane Perrin 1840 – 1912 Robert Nicholson Spicer 1832 - 1904

Research on Perrin Ancestors

Greatest credit on this file goes to sitters Patricia McKay and Bonnie Gaylord who have assisted me over the years and suggested many other resources for my other genealogy research. I dedicate both files to two sisters Patricia McKay and Bonnie Gaylord and express my incredible gratitude to these two who first assist me to discover my Perrin ancestors and who have continued to assist my genealogy work.

Unsourced Research

The earlier generations I once included in this family have been detached for failure to find confirming evidence of the accuracy of the line.

1. Petrusi Peryn

Petrusi Peryn was born in Somerset, England. He married Katherine Parker, daughter of Johannes Parker, in Derbyshire, Charnock, Chadwick. She was born about 1438. Petrus Peryn and Katherine Parker had the following child.

2. i. John Peryns

2. John Peryns 1460  Cecilia Brampton

John Peryns was born in 1460 in Somerset, England. He married Cecilia Brampton. John Peryns and Cecilia Brampton had the following child:

3. i. Roger Perins b. abt. 1514 in Brockton, South England m. Elizabeth Stocker d.

3. Roger Perins 1514 - Elizabeth Stocker 1518 -

Robert Perins was born about 1514 in Possibly Brockton, South England. He married Elizabeth Stocker. She was born about 1518 in Possibly Ashby de la Zouche. Roger Perins and Elizabeth Stocker had the following child:

4. **Thomas Perrin 1540- 1626 Katherine Parrott 1540**

Thomas Perrin was born in 1540. He died on Feb 26, 1626 in Acton, Middlesex, England. He married Katherine Parrott, daughter of Thomas Parrott and Elizabeth Parker, on Jul 02, 1571. She was born about 1540. They had a child.


5. **Thomas Perrin 1585 - Ann Potter, 1587**

Thomas Perrin was born on Jan 02, 1585 in Ashby de la Zouche. He married Ann Potter, daughter of Ralph Potter, on 11 Mar 1609. She was born on 2 Jan 1587. Thomas Perrin and Ann Potter had the following child:

6. i. Thomas Perrin b. 22 Feb 1610 in Westbourne, Sussex, England, m. Elizabeth Chalfont, 3 Nov 1675, d.

6. **Thomas Perrin 1610 - Elizabeth Chalfont 1611.**

Thomas Perrin born on 22 1610 in Westbourne, Sussex, England. He married Elizabeth Chalfont, daughter of Zachariah Chalfont, on 3 Nov 1675. She was born in 1611 in Aylebury, England. Thomas Perrin and Elizabeth Chalfont had the following child:

**Sources**

Perrin, Daniel A. The Generations of The Family and Relations from 1620 to 1920. Normal, Ill: 1921

Research of Barbara Jardine

Research of Pat (Perrin) Mackay and Bonnie (Perrin) Gaylord


**Website**

https://www.wikitree.com/wiki/Perrin-770 Thomas Perrin 1610
https://www.wikitree.com/wiki/Perrin-1997 Andrew Perrin 1766-1859 1.56%DNA

https://www.wikitree.com/wiki/Perrin-2032 Elizabeth Jane Spicer 1840-1915 6.25%DNA
https://www.wikitree.com/wiki/Spicer-1412 Abigail Almeda (Spicer) Atkinson (1860 - 1940) 12.5%DNA

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Augusta,_Ontario
http://www.grenvillecountyarchives.ca/history.html